### UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

### (1 OF 1956)

### COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

### **ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

OF

# UNIPRO TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

### CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

1. The regulations contained in Table 'A' of the First Schedule to the Constitution Companies Act, 1956 shall not apply to the Company except in so far as they are embodied in the following Articles, which shall be the regulations for the management of the Company.

### INTERPRETATION CLAUSE

2. The marginal notes hereto shall not effect the construction hereof. If Interpretation these presents, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless excluded by the subject or context.

The Act 'means The Companies Act 1956' The Act a)

- 'The Board' or'The Board of Directors' means a Board of Directors The Board or b) meeting of Directors duly called and constituted or as the case may be the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting or the requisite number of Directors entitled to pass a circular resolution in accordance with these Articles.
- 'The Company'or'This Company' means The Company C)

#### UNIPRO TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

- 'Directors' means the Directors for the time being of the Company or Directors d) as the case may be the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting.
- 'In Writing' Includes prioting, lithography, typewriting and any other usual e) In WrRing substitutes for writing.
- 'Members' shall mean Members of the Company holding a share f) Members or shares of any class and registered in the Share Register of the Company.
- Month shail mean the Cnlendar Month. 9) Month

Seal

Section

- 'The Office' means the Registered Office of the Company. The Office h)
- Paid up i) 'Paid Up'shall include Credited as fuliy paid up.
- 'Persons' shall include any Corporation as well as individuals. i) Persons
- 'Proxy' includes Attorney duly constituted uncier a Power of Attorney. k) Proxv
- 'These Presents' or 'Regulations' means these Articles of Association Presents I) as originally framed or altered from time to time and Association where the context so requires.
- 'The Register' shall mean the Register of Members to be kept as Register m) required by Section 150 of the Act. n) 'The Seal' means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.
  - O) 'Special Resolution'shall have the meaning assigned thereto by the Act.
- 'Words importing the singular shall include the plural' and 'word importing Special Resolution **p**) the plural shall include the singular'.
- Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender Words q) and vice versa'
  - r) 'Section' means Section of the Companies Act, 1956.
- Year means year of account of the Company.  $2^{2}$ s) Year

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3. Except as provided by Section 77 of the Act, no part of funds of the Company shall be empioyed in the purchase of the shares of the Company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with the purchase of or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company.

## CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION IN CAPITA.

- The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 70,00,000(Rupees Share Capital seven hundred lakhs only) divided into 70,000 Equity Shales of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten only) each to be increased or reduced in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.
- a) The Board may, at its discretion, convert the unissued Equity Shares into Preference Shares or Redeemable Preference Shares and vice versa and the Board may issue any part or parts of the unissued shares upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the Board at its discretion and subject to the provision of Section 86 of the Act thinks fit, and in particular may issue such shares with such preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of the assets of the Company as the Board may subject to the aforesaid section determine.
  - b) The Board may, at its discretion issue any portion of the Preference Shares not already issued, as redeemable preference shares which are at the option of the Company liable to be redeemed and subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, on such terms to dividends preferential payment of return of the amount paid up thereon and as to conditions and terrn's of redemption as the Directors may deem fit.
- 6. The Board shall dully comply with the provisions of Section 75 of the Act, with regard to all allotment of shares from time to time.
- 7. The Board may, at any time increase the Subscribed capital of the Company by issue of new shares out of the unissued part of the Share Capital in the original or subsequently created capital, but subject to Section 81 of the Act of the following provisions, namely:
  - a) Where the offer and allotment of such shares are made within two years from the date of incorportion of the Company or within one year from the first allotment of shares made after incarporation, whichever is earlier, the Board shall be at liberty to officer the shares and allot the same to any person or persons at their discretion.
  - b) In respect of offers and allotments made subsequent to the date set out in clause (a) above, the Directors shall subject to the date provisions of Section 81 of the Act, and of subclause (c) hereunder observe the following condition:

Prohibition of Investment of Funds in Company's own shares

Board's Right to Convert unissued shares, if any

Allotment return

- Such new shares shall be offered to the persons, who at the date of the offer, and holders of the Equity Shares of the Company in proportion as nearly as circumstances, admit, to the capital pald up on those shares at that time.
- ii) The offer aforesaid shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer if not accepted was ba deemed to have been declined.
- iii) The offer aforesaid ahall be deemed to Included a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the share offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in clause (2) shall contain a statement of this right Provided that the Directors may decline with out assigning any reason to allot any shares to any peraon in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him.
- iv) After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid or earlier intimated from the person to whom such notice is given that he decilnes to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner as it thinks most beneficial to the Company
- c. 1. The Directors may with the sanction of Company in General Meeting offer and allot shares to any person at their discretion provided that such sanction is accorded either by
  - i) a special resolution passed at any General Meeting or
  - by an ordinary resolution passed at any General Meeting by majority of the votes cast and with the approval of the Central Government in accordance with Section 81 of the Act. iii) Nothing in Sub-Clause (iii) of Clause (b) here of shall be deemed. a) To extent time within which the offer should be accepted, or
  - b) To authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
  - 2. Nothing in the clause shall apply to the increase in subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option attached to debentures Issued or loans raised by the Company.
  - i) to convert such debentures or bans into shares in Company, or
  - ii) To subscribe for shares in the Company. "Whether such option in conferred in these Articles or Otherwise" Provided that the terms of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term.

- has been approved by a Special Resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans and also.
- b) either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in confirmity with the rules, if any, made by that Government in this behalf.
- 3. Option or right to call of shares shall not begiven to any person except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.
- 8. In addition to and without derogating from the Powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under Article 8 of the Company in General Meeting may determine that any shares (Whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (Whether members of holders of debentures of the Company or not) in such proportions and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par, or (subject to compliance with provision of Section 79 of the Act at a discount) as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give to any person (whether a member or holder of debentures of the Company or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par, or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 79 of the Act) at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directly by such General Meeting or the Company in General Meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.
- 9. The rights attached to each class of shares (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issue shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that then necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one tenth of the issued shares of that class.
- 10. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided for by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
- 11. The Company shall not issue any shares, not being Preference Shares, which carry voting rights in the Company as to dividend, capital or otherwise which are disproportionate to the rights attached to the holders of other shares not being preference shares.
- 12. 1) Subject to the provisions of Section 76 of the Act, the company may at any time pay a cornmission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely

Power of General meeting to offer Shares to Such Persons as the company may resolve.

Variation of rights

Issue of further shares pari passu shall not effect the rith of shares already issued.

No issue with disproportionate rights.

Commission for placing shares, debentures etc.

or condilbnally) for any aharea, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company or procurhg or agreelng to procwe aubacriptbns (whether absolute or conditional) for sharea, debentures or debernture-stock of the Company but ao that the statutory conditions and requirements shall be observed and corrpiled with the a T ourt of rate of commission shall not exceed two and-a-half percent of the prbe at whth the Jebentures are lasued.

- 2) The Company may also, on any issue, pay such brokerage as may be lswful.
- 13. 1) The Directors may allot and Issue shares in the Capital of the Company as payment or part payment of any property aold or transferred goods or machinery and appilances supplied or for servicea rendered to the Company In or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition and or conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted, may be issued as fully paid up shares, and if so Isaued, ahall be deemed to be fully paid up sharea.
  - 2) The aald powar vested In the Board by this Articles shall not be exercised except by unanimous consent of all the Directors or with the previous sanction of a special resolution passed at ths General Meating af the Company.
  - 14. Where two or more peraons are registered as Joint holders of any share, they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint tenants with benefit of survivorship, subJect to the following provisions.
    - a) The person whose name stands first on the register in respect of such shares ahall alone be entitled to delivery of certHicate thereof.
    - b) Any one of such persons may give effectual recelpts for any dividend, bonuses or returns of capital payable In respect of such shares, and such JoInt holders shall be severally, as well as Jolotly liable for payment of all installments and calls made due In respect of such share/ahares.
    - c) Any one of such person may vote at any meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of each shares, as If he were solely entitled thereto, and if more than one of such joint holders be present any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the aaid persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitles to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators, of a deceased member In whose names any share stands shall for the purpose of the Article, be deemed Joint holders, thereof;
    - d) In case of death of any one or more of such Joint holders the aurvivora shall be the only persons, recognised by the Company has having title to or interest in such share, by the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased Joint holder from any liability on shares held by him Jointly with any other person

lasue offer than for cash e) All notices directed to be given to the members shail be given to whichever such persons is named first in the register, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

#### SHARE CERTIFICATES

15. Every member shall be entitled, without payment to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered In his name, or, if the Directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the Directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have ready for delivery such certificates within 3 months from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provided or within one month of the raceipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, subdivision, consolidate or renewal of any of It's shares as the case may be."

Every certificate of title to shares shall be issued under the seal of the company. Every share certificate and every document of title to the share whether in renewal of on existing share certificate or other document of title or issued or the first time shall be issued, under the authority of the Board of Directors and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (issue of Share Certificate) Rules. 1960 or any modification thereof and in accordance with the provision of low or other rule having the force of law applicable thereto.

### SHARE AND DEBENTURE CERTIFICATES

- 16. 1 Every person whose name is entered as member in the Register Rig shail be entitled to receive without payment.
  - a) One Certificate for all his shares; or
  - b) Whether the shares so alloted any one time exceed the number of shares fixed as marketable lot in accordance with the Stock Exchange of at the request of the Shareholders, several certificates one each per marketable lot and one for the balance.
  - 2) The Company shall within three months after allotment or within'One month after application for the registration of the transfer of any shares or debentures complete and have ready for delivery, the certificate for all the shares and debentures so alloted or transferred unless the conditions of issue of the said shares or debentures otherwise provide.
  - 3) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares or debentures of which it relates and the amount paid up thereon.
  - 4) The provision of Clauses (2) & (3) above shall apply mutatis mutandis to debentures and stock alloted or transferred.
  - 5) No fee shall be charged for the issue of new share Certificate either for sub-division of the existing share certificates or for the several

Issue of Share Certificate

Right to Certificates

share certificates into one or for issue of fresh shares certificates in lie of shara certificate on the back of which thers Is no space for endorsement for transfer or for registration of any probate, detters of administration, auccesaion certificate or like document, or for registratTon of any power of Attorney, Partnership Deed, Memorandum or ArtTcles of the Company, or other sTmTlar documents.

- One certHlcate for. joTnt holders In respect of any share held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to Tssue for more than one certificate for the same share and delivery or a certificates for a share to one of several Joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders. Subject as aforesaid the Jolot holders shall be entitlad to apply for several certificates each for one or more shares held by them in accordance with Article 17 above,
- Endorsement of transfer
   18. In respect of any transfer of shares registered in accordance with the provision of these Articles, the Board may, at their discretion, direct an endoreament of the transfer and name of that transferee and other particulars on the existing share certificate and otherwise any Director or Officer of the Company to authenticate such endorsement on behalf of the Company or direct the issue of a fresh share certificate, in lie of and Tn cancellatTon of existing certificate, in the name of the transferee.
- Renewal of certificate
  19. If a certificate be worn out, defaced, destroyed or lost or if there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer it shall It requested' be replaced by a new certificate free of charge provided however that such hew certificate shall not be granted except upon delTvery of the own out or defacedor used up certificate for the purpose of cancellation, in accordance with the companies (Tssue of shares Certificates) Rules, 1960 or upon proof of destruction or loss, and on such indemnity as the Board may require in the case of the certificate having been destroyed or lost, Any Duplicate certificate shall be marked as such.

Every certificate under the Articles shall be Issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decTde, or on payment of such fees (not exceedTng Rs. 21- for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescr To be provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificate in replacement of those which are old, decrepit or worn out or where there Ts no further space on the back thereof for edorsement of transfer".

PROVIDED that Notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the rules made under the Act or the rules made under Securities Contract. (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other Act or rules applTcable In thTs behalf.

The provisions of this article shall mutatis mutandii apply to debentures of the Company.

Company's lien 20. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares on shares Thousing fully paTd shares registered Th the name of each member

(whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for his debts, liabilities and engagements solely or jointly with any other person due to or made with the Company whether the period for the payment, fulfillment or discharge thereof shall have actually arrived at or not, and such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared or accrued in respect of such shares. The Directors may, however, at any time, declare any shares to be wholly or partly exempt from the provisions of this Article.

- 21. For the purpose of enforcing such, lien the Board may seil the shares subject thereto In such manner as they think fit but no sale shall be made until the expiration of 14 days aRer a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such amount in respect of which the lien exists has been given to the registered holder of the shares for the time being, or to the person entitled to the shares by reason of the death, insolvency of the registered holder.
- 22. To give effect to such sale, the Board of Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and the purchase shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, not shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or Invalidity in the proceedings in the reference to the sale.
- The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company Application of P and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which roceeds of Sale the lien exists as is presently payable.
  - 2) The residue, if any, shall, subJect to like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of sale.
- 24. Any monev due from the Company to a shareholder, may, without, the consent of such shareholder; be applied by the Company in or towards payment of any money due the from him, either alone or jointly with any other person to the Company in respect of calls or otherwise. Application of any money due

### CALLS ON SHARES

- 25. Subject to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act, the Board of Directors Calls may from time to time make Calls such as they think fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the date, time and place or at the dates time and places appointment by the Board of Directors.
- 26. The Board of Directors, may, when makJng a call by resolution, determine the date on which such call shall be deemed to have been made not being earlier than the date of resolution making such call, and thereupon the call shall be deemed to have been made on the date so determined and if no such date is fixed the call shall be deemed to have

Call when deemed to be made

been made on the date on which the resolution of the Board making the call was passed.

- Notice for call 27. Not less than thirty days notice of any call shall be given specifying the date, time and place of payment provided that before the time for payment of such call, the Director may, by notice in writing to the members, extend the time for payment thereof.
- Sums payable 28. If by the terms of Issue of any share or otherwise any amount is made at fixed date to be treated a calls any fixed date or by installments at fixed dates whether on account of the share or by way of premium, every such amount or instalment shall be payable as if It were a call duly made by the Directors and on which due notice had been given, and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall relate to such amount or instalment accordingly.
- Calls to carry 29. 1) If a sum called in respect of the shares is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest upon the sum at such rate fixed by the Board of Directors from the day appointed for the payment, thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board of Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.
  - 2) The provisions of this Article as to payment of interest shall apply In the case of non-payment of any sum which by the terms of a share becomes payable at a fixed date whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had becomes payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- Payment on call in advance 30. The Board of Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting not less than 15% per annum as may be agreed upon between the member paying the sum In advances and the Board of Directors but shall not in respect of such advances confer a right to the dividend or to participate in profits or to any voting rights.

"The members shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of money so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment become presently payable.

The provisions of the articles shall mutatis mutandi apply to the call on debentures of the company.

Partial payment 31. Neither in judgement nor a decree in favour of the company for calls not to preclude for feiture or other moneys due in respect of any share, nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder, nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any member in respect of any share, either by way of princi the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

### TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION

- 32. If, by the conditions of ailotment of any share, the whole or any part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being ~nd from time to time shall be registered holder of the share or his legal representative or representatives, if any.
- 33. 1) The instrument of transfer of any shares in the Company shall be executed both by the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain holder of the shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof. The instrument of transfer shall be in respect of only one class of shares and should be in the form prescribed under Section 108 of the Act.
  - 2) The Board of Directors shall not register any transfer of shares unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferee has been delivered to the company along with the certificate relating to the shares and such other evidence as the Company may require to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer the shares.

Provided that where K is proved to the satisfaction of the Board of Directors that an instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and the transferee has been lost, the Company, may, if the Board of Directors think fR, on an application in writing made by the transferee and bearing the stamp required on an instrument of transfer register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity, as the Board of Directors may think fit.

- 3) An application for the registration of the transfer of any share or shares may be made either by the transferor or by the transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor no registration shall in the case of partly paid shares be effected unle&s the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the Company shall, unless objection Is made, by the transferee, within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same condition as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.
- 4) For the purpose of sub-clause (3) notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if despatched by prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been delivery in the ordinary course of post.
- 5) Nothing in Clause(4) shall prejudice any power of the Board to register as a shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law.

- 6) Nothing in this Article shall prejudice the power of the Board of Directors to refuse to register the transfer of any shares to a transferee, whether a operation of iaw.
- Form of
- Register

register

- The Shares in the Company shall be transferred by instrument in 34. writing in the prescribed form, duly stamped and in the manner provided under the provisiona of Section 108 of the Act and any modifications thereof and the Rules prescribed thereunder.
- Board's right to 35. 1) Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Act, and section 22A refuse to of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Board may on register behalf of the Company and In its own absolute and uncontrolled ciiscretion, decline to register the transfer of or the transmission by operation of law of the Right to, any shares or interest of a member in, or debentures of the Company, provided, however that the registration of a share or a debenture shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever, except when the Board has exercised the power of lien vested in it under these Articles In respect of shares proposed to be transferred and shall within one month from the date on which the instruments of transfer or the intimation of such transmissions. as the case may be, was delivered to the Company, send notTce of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal.
  - If the Board refuses to register any transfer or transmission of right. they shall wTthin 1 month from the date on which the instalment of transfer or the intimation of such transmission was delivered to the Company send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be.
  - 3) In case of such refusal by the Board, the decision of the Board shall be subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section lil of the Act.
  - 4) The provision of this Cisuse shall apply to transfers of stock also.
  - 36. The Board of Directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless: -
- Further right of a) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the Certificate of shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Board of Directors board of of may reasonably require to show the right of transferor to make the directors to transfer; and refuse to
  - b) The instrument of transfer is in respect of only class of shares.

Endorsement 37.1) Every endorsement upon the certificate of any share in favour of any transferee shall be signed by the Managing Director or by some of Transfer and other person for the time being duly authorised by the Managing issue of Director in this behalf. In case any transferee of a share shall apply certificate

for a new certificate in respect of which the said transfer has been applied for and upon his delivering, up to cancelled every old or existing certificate which is to be replaced by new one.

- 2) Not withstanding any other provision to the contrary in these presents, no fee shall be charged for any of the following viz.,
- a) for registration of transfers and debentures, or for transmission of shares and debentures;
- b) for subdivision and consolidation of share and debenture certificates and for sub-division of letters of allotment and aplit, consolidation, renewal and pucca transfer receipts into denominations corresponding to the market units of trading;
- c) for subdivisions of renounceable Letters of Rights;
- d) for issue of certificates in replacement of those which are old dec!epit on worn out, or where the cages on the reverse for recording iransfers have been fully utilized;
- e) for registration of any power of attorney, probate, letters of administration or similar other documents.
- 38. The Company shall keep a book to be called the "Register of Members" Register of and therein shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or members transmission of any shares and all other particulars of share required by the Act to be entered in such register.
- 39. The instrument of transfer shall, after registration, remain in the custody Custody of of the Company. The Board may cause to be destroyed all transfer transfer deeds deeds lying with the Company for a period of 6 years of more.
- 40. The Board of Directors may after giving not less than 7 days previous notice by advertisement in some newspapers circulating in the district in which the Registered Office of the Company is situated close the Register of Members or the Register of Debenture holders for any period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate 45 days in each year but not exceeding 30 days at any one time.
- 41. The executors or administrators of a deceased member (not being one of several joint holders) shall be the only person recognised by the Company, as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member and in the case of death of any one or more of the joint holders of any registered shares, the survivors shall be only person recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.
  Trasmission of registered Shares
  - 1. Provided that if the member should have been a member of a joint Hindu family the Board on being satisfied to the effect and on being satisfied that the shares standing in his name in fact belonging to the shares registered in the name of such member, Provided further in any case it shall be lawful for the Board in their absolute discretion

to dispense with the production of probate or letters of administration or other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnify or otherwise as to the Board may deem just.

2. Nothing in Clause (1) shail release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which were jointly held by him with other persons.

Right and

- liabilities of leg 42. 1) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board and subJect as hereinafter provided, elect either;
  - a) to be registered himself as holder of the shares; or
  - b) to make such transfer of the shares as the deceased or Insolvent member could~ have made.
  - 2) The Board shall, In either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the shares before his death or insolvency.

### **DEVOLUTION OF RIGHTS**

Notice of election by leagal representative

- 43.1) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the shares himself he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing by him stating that he so elects.
  - 2) If the person aforesaid shall eleh to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
  - 3) All the limitations, registrations and provisions of these regulations to the rights to transfer and the registration of transfer of shares shall be appilcable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice of transfer wee a transfer signed by that member.
  - 4) A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death of insolvency of the holders shall be er~titled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himseH or transfer the share, and H the not~e is at complied within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold PAYMENT of all div~ends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

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Form of feHure

Boards feH if re of notice complie

Sale of shares

LiabilHy Hure

Declara Hure

- 44. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of their registering or giving effect to ~any transfer of share made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, tHle or interest to or in the same by apparent shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable rights or referred thereto in any books of the company and to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable rights, title ot interest instalment or be under any liability whatsoever hr refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have nevertheless be at liberty to have regard to attend notice may to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board shall think fit.
- notice of for 45. if a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for the payment thereof, the Board of Directors may at any time thereafter during such time as any part of such a call or instalment remains unpaid serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of right to forthe call or Instalment as unpald, together with any interest, which may quirements have accrued e are not

ny's right to

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- d:with 46 The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice). On or before which forfeited the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day named, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be llable to be forfeHed. after forfe-
- 47. If the requirements of any such notice as aforementioned are not complied with, any share in respect af which the notice has been given tion of forfemay at any time thereafter before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a Resolution of the Board of Directors to that effect, such forfeiture shall include all dividends in respect of the forfeited shares, and not actually paid before the forfeHure.
  - A forfeited share may be sole or other disposal of on such terms and 48. in such manner as the Board of Directors may think fit. and at any time before a sale or disposition, the forfeHure may be cancelled on such terms as the Board of Directors may think fit.
  - 49. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares but shall notwithstanding remain liable to pay and shall forthwTth pay the company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company received payment in full of a nominal amount of shares whether legal proceedings for the recovery of the same had been barred by limitation or not.
  - 50. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be concessive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares and that declaration and receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any given for the shares on

- d) Subdivide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum, so however, that in the suWivision the proportion between the amount; if any unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the sharefrom which the reduced 6hares is derived.
- e) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in the behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the share so cancelled;
- f) The resolutions whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares refulting from such subdivision one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital, voting or otherwlse over or as compared with the others...
- 57. The new sharea ahall be aubject to the aame provisions with reference Approximation to the paymebt of calla, llen, transter, transmission, forfeiture, and otherwise as tha shares in the origTnal share capital.
- B. The Company may, by Special Resolution, reduce In any manner and wnh, and subJect to, any incident authorised and conaent required,bylaw:
  - a. Its ahare capital b. Any capital redemption reserve amount, or
  - c. Any share premium account

#### SHARE WARRANT :

- 3. 1) The Company may lasue share warranta subject to and in accordance with proviaion of Section 114 and 115 of the Act and accordingly, the Board may in their diacretion, with reapect to any ahare regiatered as fully pald up, on application in writing signed by the persona registered as holder of the share and authenticatsd iby auch evidence, If any, as the Board may, from time to time, require as to the identTty of the person signing the application, and on receiving the certificate, if any,-of the share and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may from time to time prescribe, issue a share warrant and may provide by coupons or otherwise for the payment of the future dividends on the shares specified in the share warrant.
  - 2) A share warrant shall entitle the bearer to the shares included in (1) and the aharea ahall be transferred by the delivery of the ahare warrant and the provisions of the Articles of the Company with respect to transfer and transmission of shares shall not apply thereto.
  - 3) The bearer of a share warrant shall on surrender of the warrant to the Company for cancellation and on payment of such fee as the

Application of proviaion to new ahareo

Reduction of capital etc. by company

Board may from time to time prescribe, be entitled to have his name entered as a member in the Register of Members in respect of the shares included in the Warrant.

Requisition of meeting by bearer of shares warrents	60.	) To bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the Registered Office of the Company and so long as the warrant remains so of deposited the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of a member at any meeting held atter the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit as if his name were inserted in the Register of members as the holder of the shares included in the deposit warrant.
		<ol> <li>Not more than one person shall be recognised as ciepositor of the share warrant.</li> </ol>
Disabilities of holders		3) The Company shall on two days written notice return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.
	61.	) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall as bearer of a share warrant sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company or attend or vote or exercise any other privileges of a member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
		2) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects the same privileges and advantages as if he was name in the Register of Members as the holder of the shares included in the warrant and he shall be a Member of the Company.
Renewal	62.	The Board may from tirne to time make rules as to the terms on which, if they shall think fit, a new warrar~t or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, ioss or destruction of the - original warrant or coupon.
Annual General Meeting		GENERAI MEETINGS
j.	63.	The Company shall in addition to their meetings hold a General Meeting which shall be styled as its Annual General Meeting at intervais and in accordance with the provisions specified below:
		<ul> <li>a) The first Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held within elghteen months of its incorporation.</li> </ul>
		b) Thereafter an Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held once in every calender year within 6 months after the expiry of each financial year, subject, however, to the power of the Registrar of Companies to extend the time within which such a meeting can be held for a period not exceeding 3 months and subject thereto not more than fifteen months shall elapse from the date of one Annual

General Meeting and that of the next.

- c) Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for at a time during the businsss hours on-a day that is not a public holiday and shall be held either at the registered office of the company or at some place within the city, town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situate.
- d) Notice calling such meetings shall specify them as the Annual
- e) All other meeting shall be referred to as Extra-OrdTnary General Meeting.

#### **GENERAL MEETINGS.**

- 64. The Board of Directors may whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting at such time and at such places as they deem fit. Subject to such discussions, H any given by the Board, the Managing Director or the Secretary may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, Extraordinary Convene an Extraordi
- 65. a) The Board ot Directors shall on the requisition of such number or members of the Company aa is specified below proceed duly to call an Extraordinary General Meeting ot the Company and comply with the provision of the Act in relation to meetings on acquisition.
   Extraordinary General Meeting by requisition
  - b) The requisition shall set out matters for consideration of which the meeting is to be held, shall be signed by the requisitionists and shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or send to the company by registered post addressed to the Company as its registered office.
  - c) The requisition may consist of several documents~in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
  - d) The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting with regard to any matter shall be such number of them as held at the date of the deposit or despatch to the registered office of the requisition, not less than 1/10th of such of the paid-up capital of the company as at that date carrier the right of voting in regard to the matter set out in the requisition.
  - e) If the Board of Directors do not, within twenty-one days from the date of deposit of requisition with regard to any matters, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of these matters on a date not latter than forty five days from the date of deposit of the requisition the meeting may be called by the requisitionists as represent either maJority in value of the paidup share capital held by all of them or of not less than 1/10th of such pald-up capital of the Company as is referred to in subclause (d) above.
- 66. A general Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than 21 days notice in writing, provided that a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice If consent thereto ia accorded in the case of the Annual General Meeting by all the Members entitled to vote there at and in the case of any other meeting, by members of the

Length of notice for calling meeting

19

Company holding not less than 95% of that part of the paid up share capHal which gives the right to vote on the matters to be consiciereci at the meeting providad that where any members of the Company are entitled to vote only on some resolution or resolutions to be moved at a meeting and not on the others, those members shall be taken into account for purpose of this Article in respect of the former resolution or resolutions and not in respect of the latter.

Accidential 6 commission to give notice invalidate mesting Spacial 6

business Quorum

- 67. The accidental commission to give notice of any meeting to or the nonreceipt of any such notice by any of the members shall not invalidate the proceeding of, or any resolution passed at such meeting.
- 68 a) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extra

   ordinary General Meeting and also that is transacted at the Annual General Meeting with the exception of business relating to
  - i) The consideration of the accounts, balance sheet, report of the Directors and Auditors;
  - li) The declaration of dividend;
  - iii) The appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring, and
  - iv) The appointments and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.
  - b) Where any times of business to be transacted at the meeting are deemed to be special as aforesaid there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature of the concern or interest of any therein of every Director, and the Managing Director, if any, where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place whera such document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Provided that where any item of special business as aforesaid is to be transacted at the meeting of the Company related to or affects any other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other Company of every Director and the Managing Director of the Company shall also be set out in the statement if the extent of such share holding interest is not less than 20% of the paid-up share capital of that other Company.

### PROCEEDING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 69. Five members personally present shall be a quorum for a general meeting and no business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisRe qwrum is-present at the commencement of the business.
- 70. If within half an- hour from the time appoloted for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if called upon by the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, in any other case, it shall stand adJourned to the

It Quorum not present when meeting to be dissolved and when to be

same day In the next week at the same time and place or such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine and if at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the members present shall be a quorum.

- 71. The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company.
- 72. If there is no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes aner the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is-unwilling to act as ChairmaVn, the Directors present shall choose another Director as Chalrman and tf not Direchrs be present or if all the Directors decline to take the chair, then the members present shall choose some one of their number to be chatrman.
- 73. The'Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a guorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adJourn that meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which adjournment took place, When a meeting Is adJounred for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as nearly as many be the the case of original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of adJournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- 74. Art, 84 Before or on the declaration the result of the voting on any resolution on a show of hands; a poll may be ordered to be taken by the chairman of the meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken'by:him on demand made on behalf of any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares'in the Company which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than one tenth of the of the total voting power in respect of ~the resolution, or on which an aggregate sum of not less than fifty thousand Rupees has been paid up. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who make the demand.
- 75. If a poll ts duly demanded tn accordance with the provisions of Section Taking of a poll of the Act 179 U shall be taken in such a manner as the Chairman tn accordance with the provisions of the Act and Sections 184 & 185 of the Act direct and the result of the poli shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.
- 76. In the case of an equality of wtes, the Chairman shall, both on a show of hands and on a poll, have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled to as a member.
- 77. A poll demanded on the election of Chairman or on a question of adJustment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question sball be taken at such time not being later than 48 hours from the Ume when demand was made, as the Chairman may direct.

Chairman of General Meeting When Chairman absent choice of another to take the chair

Adjournment of meeting

Quorum at General Meeting how decided

Chairman to have casting vote

In what case pool taken without adjournment

### VOTE OF MEMBERS

Voting right of members	78	1) Every Member holding any equity shares shail have a right to vote in respect of such shares on every resolution placed before the meeting, On a show of hands every such member present shall have one vote. On a poll, his voting right in respect on his eciuity shares shall be In proportion to his share of the paid up capital in respect of the equity shares.
		2) In the even of the Company issuing any preference shares the holders of such preference shares shall have-the voting rights set out In that behalf in Section 87 of the Act.
Business may proceed not withstanding demand for	79.	A demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting of the transactions of any business other than one which a poll has been demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person who made the demand.
Voting right of joint holders	80.	In the case of joint holders the vote of the first named of such joint holders who tenders a vote whether in person or by proxy. Shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
Voting by members of unsound mind	81.	A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction influnancy may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
No member entitled to vote when cali due to company Proxies p ermitted on poll Proxies	82.	No member shall be entitled to vote 1n any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payabla by him in respect of his shares In the Cornpany have been paid.
	83.	On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy
	84.	Any member entitled to attend and vote a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint any person whether a member or not as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself, but the proxy so appointment shall not unless he be a member have any right to speak at the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll.
Instrument of proxy	85.	1) The instrument appointing a proxy ahall being writing under the hand of the appointed or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointed Is a Corporation either under the common seal or under lhe hand of an omcer or attorney so authorised. Any~person may act as proxy whether he is a member or not.
		2) Corporate body (whether a Company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is a member or a creditor or a debenture holder of the Company, by the resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company or at any meeting of

the creditors of the Company held in pursuance of the provisions contained in any Debenture or Trust Deed as the case may be. The person so authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents, as that body couW exercise If were In individual member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.

- 3) So as an authorization under Clause (2) above Is in force, the power to appoint proxy shall be exercised only the person so appointed as representative
- 86. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney, if any under which It Is signed or a notarially certifled copy of that power of authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adJourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or In the case of a poll, not lesa than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 87. A vote given in accordance with the terma of an Instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding by the previous death of the principal or the revocation of the proxy, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy Is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the registered office of the company before the commencement of the meeting, or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.
- 88. Every instr!'ment appointing a proxy shall be retained by the Company and shall be in either of the forms specified in Schedule IX of the Act or a form as near there to as circumstances will admit. Chairman's ruling regarding votes final
- 89. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Chairman of a General Meeting shall be the sole and absolute judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting, or at a poll demanded at such meeting, and may allow or disallow any vote tendered, according as he shall be of opinion that the same is or is not valid.

#### DIRECTORS

- 90. Unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting the number of Directors shall not be less than three and not more than twelve including all kinds of directors.
- 91. The foliowing Director shall be the first Directors of the Company.

#### 1. SHRI D! CHANDRA REDDY 2. SMT. D. SUKRUTHA REDDY

92. Any person whether a member of the Company or not may be appoloted as appointed as Director and no qualification by way of holding share shall be required of any Director.

Share qualification not necessary

Any casual vacancy occurring in the Board of Director's may be filled Directors 93. up by the Directors, and the person so appointed shall hold office upto power to the date which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have fill up casual held office if it had not been vacated as aforesaid. vacancy

- The Board of Directors shall have power at any time, and from time to 94. Additional time to appoint one or more persons as Additional Directors, provided Directors that the number of Directors and Additional Directors together shall not exceed the maximum number fixed. Any Additional Director so appointed shall hold office up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting, but he shall be eligible for appointment by the Company at that meeting.
- Alternate Directors
  - The Board of Directors may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a 95. Directors (here in aftsr called the original Director) during the absence of the original Director for a period of not less than three months from the state In which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily heid; all Alternate Director as appointed shall vacate office if and when the original Director returns to the state in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. If the term of office of the original Director Is determined before he so returns to the state aforesaid, any provision for lhe automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the original Director, and not to the Aiternate Director.
- Remuniration Every Director (including the Ex. Office Director) shall be paid a sitting 96. fee of a sum as prescribed under the act for each meeting of the Board of Directors of Directors or of any committee there of attended by him and shall be paid in adittional there to all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by him in attending and returning from the meetings of the Board Directors of any committee thereof or general meeting of the Company or in connection with the business of the Company loan form any place.
- Remuniration
- 97. If any Director being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra for extra services or to make any special exertions in going or residing away services from the town In which the Registered Office of the Company may be situated for any purposes of the Company or in going special attention to the business of the Company then subject to Sections 198, 309, 310 and 314 of the Act the Board may remunerate the Director SQ doing either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits or otherwise and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration to which he may be entitled.
- Continuing The continuing Director may act not with standing any vacancy in the 98. Directors Board but if and so long as their number is reduced below three, the man act continuing Directors or Directors may act for the purposes of increasing the number of Directors to three or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.

#### Vacation of 99. The office of a Director shall be, vacated if: office of a) he is found to be of unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction; Directors or

- b) he applies to be adjudicated or is adjudged aim insolvent; or
- c) he fails to pay calls made on him in respect of shares held by him within six months from the last date fixed for payment of the call unless the Central Govsrnment has by notification in the official gaette, removed the disqualification incurred by such failure; or :
- he is convicted by a court of any offence Involving moral turpitude and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months; or
- e) he absent himself from three consecutive meetings of the Board or from all meetings of the Board for a continuous period of three months, whichever is longer, without obtaining leave of absence from the Board; or
- f) He (whether by himself or by any person for his benefit of on his account) or any firm in which he is a partner or any private company of which he Is a Otrector accepts a loan, or any guarantee or security for a loan from the Company in contravention of Section 299; or 9) he acts in a contravention of Section 295; or
- h) he becomes disqualified by an order of Court under Section 203; or
- j) he is removed in pursuance of Section 284; or
- having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office ar other employment in the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other empicyment in the Company.

Provided that notwithstanding anything in sub-clause (b), (d) and (h) above the disqualification referred to in those clauses shall not take effect. a) for thirty days from the date of the adjudication, sentence or order;

- b) where any appeal or petition is preferred within the thirty days aforesaid against the adjudication, sentence or conviction resulting in the sentence or other until the expiry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed off; or
- c) where within the seven days aforesaid, any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence, conviction or order, and the appeal or petition, if allowed would result in the removal of the disqualification, until such further petition or appeal is disposed off.
- 100. 1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors including the Director may Managing Director, if any shall not be disqualified by reason of their contract with office as such from contracting with the Company either as vendor, Company purchaser, lender agent, brolders, or otherwise nor shall any contract

or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company with any Director or the Managing E3irector or with any Company or Partnership of or in which any Director or the Managing Director shall be a member or otherwise interested be avoided nor shall any Director or the Managing Director so contracting or being such member or so Interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director or the Managing Director holding that office or of the fluciary relation thereby established but the nature of the Interest must be disclosed by him or them at the meeting of the Board at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if the interest then exists or In any other case at the first meeting of the Board after the acquisition of the interest. Provided nevertheless that no Director shall take part in the discussion of or vote as a Director In respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is so interested as aforesaid and if he does so his vote shall not be counted but he shall be entitled to be presue at the meeting during the transaction of the business in relation to which he is precluded from voting although he shall not be counted for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is a quorum of Directors present. The provisions shall not supply to any contract by, or in behalf of the Company to give to the Directors, or the Managing Director(s), or any of them any security by way of indemnity against any loss which they are any of them suffer by becoming or being sureties for the Company, or to any contract, or arrangement entered into, or to be entered into wHh a public company, or a=private company which is a subsidiary of a public company, in which the interest of the Director aforesaid consists solely in his being a Director of such Company and the holder of not more than shares of such number of value therein as is requisite to qualify him for appointment as a Dtrector thereof, he having been nominated as such Director by the Company or in his being a member holding not more than two percent of Hs paid up share capital.

- 2) A general notice that any Director is a Director of a member of any specTfied Company or is a member of any specified firm an is to be regarded as interested in any subsequent transaction with such company or firm shall, as regards any such transaction, be sufficient disclosure under this article and afler such general notice it shall not be necessary to give any special notice relating to any particular transaction with such Company or firm.
- 3) A Director may be or become a Director of member of any Company promoted by this Company or in which this Company may be interested as vendor, shareholder or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable to the Company for any benefits received as a Director or member of such Company.

Equal Power to 101. Except as otherwise provided in these Articles each Director of the Director Company shall have in all matters equal right and privileges and be

subject to equal obligations and duties in respect of the affairs of the Company.

- 102. A) The terms ex-officer directors wherever occuring in these presents shall mean and include the Managing Directors appointed unde Article 140 below and the ex-official directors declared under Article 112 and to any director appointed in pursuance of Article 134 below and referred to as nominated Director.
- 103 A) Not less than two third of the total number of the Directors of the Company for the time being holding office shall be Directors whose period of office Is liable to be determined by retirement by rotation and who shall be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.
  - B) At the first Annual General Meeting of the Company the whole of the Board of Directors except Ex-officio Directors shall retire from office and at the Annual General Meeting in every subsequent year, one third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation for the time being or if their number is not three or multiple of three, then the number nearest to one - third shall retire from office.
- 104. A retiring Director shall be eligible for Re-election and the Company at the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires In the manner aforesaid may fili up the vacated office by electing a person thereto.
- 105. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those to retire shall unless they otherwise agree among themselves be determined by lot.
- 106. Subject to the provisions of Section 256 of the Act, if at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the place of the vacating Directors is not filled up and the Meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy, the Meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place or if that day is a public holiday at the same time and place and if at the adjourned meeting the place of retiring Directors is not filled up and the Meeting has also not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy then the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filed up shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting.
- 107. Subject to the provisions of Section 252, 255 and to 259 of Act, the Company in General Meeting may by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of the Directors within the limit fixed by Article 92.
- 108. Subject to the provisions of Section 248 of the Act, the Company may by an ordinary resolution in General Meeting remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person instead; the person so appointed shall be a

Retiing directors eligible for re-election Which directors to retire

Retiring Director to remain in office till successors

Power to general meeting

Power to remove Directir by ordinary resolution

#### Ex-Officio to Director

subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was elected as Director.

Right of 1 persona other than retiring Directors to stand tor directorship

109. A person not being a retirlog Director shall be eligible for appointment to the office of a Director at any General Meeting if he or some other member Intending to propose him as a Director not less than 14 days before the meeting has left at the office of the Company a notice In writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of the Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a Candidate for that office as the case may be along with a deposit of Five hundred Rupees which shall be refunded to such person or, as the case may be to such member, If the person succeed In getting elected as Director. The Company shall inform its members of the candidature of a person for the office ot a Director or the Intention of a member to prop~se such person as a candidate for that office, by sending individual notice, or the membera not less than seven days before the G~eneral Meeting. Provided' that it shall not be necessary for the Company to send individual notices or the members as aforesaid, if the Company advertises such candidature Intention not less than sev.;en days before the meeting, In atleast two news papers circul~ed at the place where the office is located, of which one is published in~ithe English Language and the other In the regional language of that place.

Ex-officio Director not liable for retirement 110. The Company in General Meeting may when appointing a person as a Director declare that his continued presence on the Board of Directors is of advantage to the Company and that his office as Director shall not be liable to be determined by retirement by rotation for such perlod or until the: happening of ~uch evep or contingency as the Board may specify and thereupon ~uch Director shall not be liable for ,retirem~nt by rotation but shall hold off'ce for-the period or until the happening of any event or contingency set out in the said resolution. Such Director shall hereafter be~referred to as Exofficio Director.

### **PROCEEDINGS OFTHE DIRECTORS**

Meeting of the Board

- 111. 1) The Board of Directors shall meet atleast once of in every three calender months for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate Its meetings and proceedings as it thinks fit provided that atleast four such meetings shall be held in every year.
  - 2) The Managing Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Board and the Managing Director or a Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall at any time summon a meeting of the Board. Notice in writing of every meeting of the Board shall be given to every Director for the time belog in India, and at his usual address ~ India to every other Director.
- Quorum 112. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of the total strength (any fraction contained in the one-third being rounded of as one) or two Directors whichever is higher provided that where at any time the

number of interested Diredors is equal to or exceeds two-thirds of total strength, the number of remaining Directors, that is to say the number of Directors who are not interested present at the meeting being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time. The total strength of the Board shall mean the number of Directors actually holding office as Directors on the date of the resolution or meeting, that is to say, the total strength of Board afler deduction therefrom the number of Directors, if any, whose place are vacant at the time.

- 113. 1) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a meeting of Questions how the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall decided be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities powers and discretions by or under the regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally and all questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the votes.
  - 2) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.
- 114. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board, but it and so along as their number is reduced below three, the continuing Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to three or of summoning a no General Meeting of the Company but tor no other purpose.
- 115. 1) The Board may elect a Chairman of its meeting and determine the period for which he Is to hold office.
  - 2) If no such Chairman is elected, or H at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be the Chairman of the meeting.
- 116. 1) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of Delegation of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of Powers its body as it thinks fit.
  - 2) Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the power so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be Imposed on it by the Board.
- 117.1) If the Chairman of the Board is a member of the Committee he shall preside over all meetings of the committee. If the Chairman is not member thereof, the Committee may elect a Chairman of its meeting. If no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meetings the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the members present may choose one of their number to be the Chairman of the meeting.
  - 2) The guorum of a committee may be fixed by the Board of Directors and until so fixed if the committee is of a single members, shall be two.

Right of Continuina Directors when there is no quorum

Election of Chairman

Election of Chairman of committee

Questions how 118. 1) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. determined

- 2) Questions arising at any meeting of a Comm~tee shall be determined by the sole member of the committee or by a majority of votes of the members present as the case of an equalHy of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote in addition to his vote as a member of the committee.
- Validity of Acts done by Board of a Committee 119. All acts done by any meeting of the Board of committee thereof or by any person acting as a Directors shall notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect In the appointment of any one or more of such Directors or of any personating as aforesaid or that any of them were disqualified be valid as if every Director such person had been duly appointed and was qualifled to be a Director.
- Resolution by Circulation 120. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing circulated in draft together with the necessary papers, if any to all the Directors or to all the members of the Committee then in India, not being less In number than the quorum fixed for the meeting of the Board or the Committee as the case may be and to all other Directors or members at their usual addresses in India and approved by such of the Directors as are then In India or by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution shall be as valid and effectual as it had been a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee duly covered and held.

### **POWER & DUTIES OF DIRECTORS**

General 121. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board of Powers of Directors, who may exercTae all such powers of the Company as are company not by the Act or any statutory modification thereof the time being in vested In force, or by these presents, required to be exercised by the Company directors in General meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulation of these presents,-to the provisions of the said Act, and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting but no regulation made by the Company in Gerfe'ral Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

Further122. Without prejudice to the generality of the forgoing, it is hereby expressly<br/>declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to<br/>say, power;

- 1) To carry on and transact the several kinds of business specified in Clause lil of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
- 2) To draw, accept' endorse, discount, negotlate and discharge on behalf o f the:Company all bill of exchange, promissory notes, cheques, hundies, drafts, rallway receipts dock warrant, delivery ordgrs, government promissory notes, other government instrumentsj bonds'

debentures or debenturestocks of corporation, local bodies, port trusts, improvement trusts or other corporate bodies and to execute transfer deeds fro transferring stocks, shares of stock certificates of the Government or other local or corporate bodies in connection with any business or any subJect of the Company.

- 3) At their discretion to pay for any property rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully pald up or with such amount credited has paid up thereon as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures, or other securitles may be either specifically charged upon all or any of the property of the Company or not so charged.
- 4) To engaged and in their discretion to remove, suspend dismiss and remunerate bankers; legal advisers, accountants, cashlers, agents commission agents, dealers, brokers, foreman, servants, employees of every description and to employ such professional or technical or skilled assistant as from time to time may in their opinion be necessary or advisable in the interest of the Company and upon such terms as to duration of employment, remuneration or otherwise any may require security in such instances and to such amounts as the Directors think fit.
- 5) To accept from any member, on such terms and conditions and shall be agreed; a surrender of his shares or stock or any part thereof.
- 6) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or agreements entered into by the Company, by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company or in such other manner as they may think fit.
- 7) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any action suits and legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound or compromise or submit to arbitration the same actions suits and legal proceedings.
- To make and give receipts, release and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- 9) To determine who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's behalf bills of exchange, pronotes, dividend warrants, cheques and other negotiable instruments, receipts, acceptance endorsements releases, contracts, deeds and documents.
- 10) From time to time to regulate the affairs of the Company abroa~ci in such manner as they think fit in particular to a~oint any person to be the attorneys or agents of the Co~pany either abroad or in India with such powers including power to sub-delegate and upon such terms as may be thought fit.

- 11) To invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities as they think fit.
- 12) To executive in the name and on behalf of the Gompany in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to Incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (Present and future) as they think fit any such mortgages may contain a power of sale and such other powers, convenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon.
- 13) To give to any person employed by the Company a commission on the profit or any particular business or transactions, or a share in the general profits of the Company, and such commission or such share of profits, shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.
- 14) From time to time to make, very and repeal by laws for the regutatons of the business of the Company, its ~ff cers and servants.
- 15) To enter Into all such negotiations and contracts, and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things In the name and on behaH of the Company as they may consider expedient for or In relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company.
- 16) To pay gratuities, bonus, rewards presents and gifts to employees or dependents of any~ deceased employees to charitable institutions or purposes, to subscribe for provident funds and other associations for the benefit of the employees.
- Powers to delegate to committee 123. Subject to the provisions of Saction 292 of the Act, and other provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate from time to time and at any time to a committee formed out of the Directors all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board and any such delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit.
- Attorney of the Company 124. The Board may appoint, at any time and from time to time by a power of attorney under the Company's seal any person to be the attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit, and any such appointment may, If the Board thinks fit, be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any firm or Company, or the members, Directors, nominees or managers of any firm or Company or o!herwise in favour of any body or persons, nominated directly by the Board and any such power of attorney may contain such provision for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorney as the Board may think fit.

- 125. The Board may authorise any such deleg8te or attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate ali or any of the powers, suthorities and discretions for the time being vested in it.
  - 1) The Board shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act and in particular with the provisions In regard to the registration of the particulars of the mortgages and charges affecting the properties of the Company or created by it and to keeping a Register of the Directors and to sending to the Registrar an annual list of members and a summary of particulars of shares and stock and copies of special resolutions and other resolutions of the Board as are reguTred to be filed with the Registrar under Section 192 of the Act, and a eopy of the Register of Directors and Notification of any changes therein.
  - The Company shall comply with the requirements of Section 193 2) of the Act, in respect of keeping of the minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting and of every meeting of the Board or any Committee,
  - 3) The Chairman of the meeting may exclude at his absolute discretion such of the matters as are: or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any personirrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings or detrimental to the interests of the Company.
- Secretary 126. The Board shall have power to appoint as the Secretary a person possessing the prescribed qualifications and fit in their opinion for the said office, for such period and on such terms and conditions as regards remuneration any and otherwise as they may determine. The Secretary shall have such powers and duties as may, from time to time, be delegated or entrusted to him by the Directors.
- 127. Any branch or kind or business which by the Memorandum of Association of the Company or these of presents is expressly or by implication authorised to be undertaken by the Company may be undertaken by the Board at such time or times as they shall think fit and further may be suffered by them to be in~abeyance whether such branch or kind of business rnay have been actually commenced or not so long as the Boarci may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business may have been actually commenced or not so long as the Board may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.
- 128. Subject to the provisions of Section 292 the Board may delegate all or any of their powers to any directors jointly or severally or any one director at their discretion.

### BORROWING

129 1) The Board of Directors may from time to time but with such consent of the Company in General meeting as may be required under Section 293 rise any money or sums of money for the purpose of the Company provided that the money to be borrowed by the Company

Power of authorise sub-delgation

Dutv to MaIntain registers etc. and records of minutes

Powers as to commencement of business or Branch business

Delegation of powers

apart from temporary loans obtain from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business shall not without the sanction of the Company at a General Meeting exceed the aggregate to the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves that is to say reserves not set apart for any specific purpose and in particular, but subject to the provisions of Section 292 of the At, the Board may from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow or secure the payment of any such sum or money for the purpose of the Company, by the Issue of debentures perpetual or otherwise including debentures convertible into shares of this or any other Company or perpetual ammunities and in security of any such money so borrowed, ralsed or received, mortgage, pledge or charge, the whole or any part of the property, assets, or revenue of the Company present or future, including Us uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and to purchase redeem or pay off any such securities. Provided that every resolution passed by the Company In General Meeting in relation to the exercise of the power to borrow as stateci above shall specify the total amount upto which moneys may be borrowed by the 80ard of Directors.

- 2) The Directors may by a resolution at a meeting of the Board delegate the above power to borrow money otherwise than on debentures to a committee of Directors or the Managing Director,- if any, with In the limits prescribed.
- 3) SubJect to the provisions of the above clause, the Directors may, from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow or secure the repayment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company at such time and In such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and-in particular, by promissory notes or by opening current accounts or by receiving deposits and advances with or without security or by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemabla debentures or debenture-stoek of the Company (both present and future) Including its uncalled capital for the time being or by mortgaging or charging or pledging any lands, buildings, goods or other property and securities of the Company, or by such other means as to them may seem expedient.
- Assignment of Debentures 130. Such debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
- Terms of<br/>debenture131 a)Any such debentures, debenture stock, bonds other securities may<br/>be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special<br/>privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares<br/>of the Company, appointment of Directors or otherwise Debentures,<br/>debenture-stocks, bonds or other securities with a right of conversion<br/>into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with he sanction of<br/>the Company in General Meeting by special resolution.

- b) Any trust deed for the securing of any debenture-stock and or any mortgage deed and or other bond for securing payment of moneys borrowed by or due by the Company and or-any contract or any agreement made by he Company with any person, firm, body corporate. Government or authority who may render or agree to render any financial assistance to the Company by way of loans advanced or by guaranteeing of any loan borrowed or other obligations of the Company or by subscription to the share capital of the Company or provide assistance in any other manner, may provide for the appointment, from time to time, by any such mortgage, lener, trustees or holders of debentures or contracting party as aforesaid, of one or more persons to be a Director or Directors of the Company. Such trust deed, mortgage deed, bond or contract may provide, that the person appointing a Director as aforesaid may from time to time remove any Director so appointed by him and appoint any other person in his place and provide for filling up of any casual vacancy created by such person vacating office as such Director. Such power shall determine and terminate on the discharge or repayment of the respective mortgage, loan or debt debentures or on the termination of such contract and any person so appointed as Director under mortgage or bond or debenture-trust deed or under such contract shall cease to hold office or debenture trust deed or under such contract shall cease to hold office as such Director on the discharge of the samei Such appoint and provisions in such document as aforesaid shall be valid and effective as if contained in these presents.
- 132. The Director or Directors so appointed by or under a mortgage deed, debenture trust deed or other contract as aforesaid shall be called Nominated Directors. The words Nominated Director shall mean the Director appointed as aforesaid and for the time being holding such office subject to Section 255 and 256 of the Act. The nominated Director shall be liable to retire by rotation or to be removed from office by the Company. Such mortgage deed or bond or trust deed or contract may contain such auxiliary provisions as may be arranged between the company and mortgage, lender, trustee or contracting party as the case may be and all such provision shall have effect not withstanding any of the other provisions herein contained but subject to the provisions of the Act.
- 133. The Directors shall cause a proPer register to be kept, in accordance with the Act, of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the Act in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified.

Register of mortgages

134. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons Subsequent taking any subsequent charges thereon shall take the same, subject to assigness such prior charge and shall not be entitled, by the notice to the share of uncalled hoiders or otherwise to obtain priority over such prior charge. capital

Charge 136. It the Dirsetors or any ot tham or any othar persons, shall become liable tor ths payment ot any wm primarily due trom the Company, the Board may executivs or such to be etecuted any mortgage, charge. The Board may execute or cause to ba executed any mortgaga charga or aftecting the whole ot or any part of the assets of the company by way of Intermnity to secure the Director or other pamona booorning liable as atoresaid trom any IOBB in reapect of euch liability.

Powere to be exceriaed by Board only at meeting

- 136. 1) The Board of Directors ahall exercise the following powers on bahalt of the Company anci the said powers shall be axercise only by re~olution pessed at the meating of the Board;
  - a) Power to maka call on ahareholdera in raspect ot moneya unpaid on thel! shares; b) Power to lasue debentures; c) Power to borrow moneys othsrwlaa than on debenturea; d) Power to invest the funda of the Company;
  - e) Power to make loan
  - 2) The Board of Directora may by a meeting delegate to any In aubclause (c) and (e) above.
  - 3 Every resolution delegating the power set out In sub~clause (c) above shall specify the total amount upto which moneys may be borrowed by the said delegate.
  - 4) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in subclause (d) above dhall specify the total amount upto which the funds may beneficed and the nature of the Inveatment which may be made by the delegate.
  - 5) Every resolution delegating the power referred to In subclause (e) above ahall apecify the total amount upto which the loans may be made by the delegate, the purposes for which the loans may be made and the maximum amount of loans which may be made for each such purpose in individual case.

### MANAGING DIRECTOR(S) WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR(S)

Appointment of Managing Directors, whole-time Directors

- 137. a) The Board may from time to time with such sanction of the Central Government as may be required by law, appoint one or more of their body to the office of the Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole time Director(s).
  - b) The Directors may from time to time resolve that there shall be either one or more Managing Directors or Whole time Directors.
  - c) In the event of any vacancy arising in the office of a Managing Director or Whole time Director or if the Director resolve to increase the number of Managing Director(s) or Whole-time Director(s) the

Vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director Whole - time Director so appointed shall hold the office for such period as the Board of Directors may fix.

- d) If a Managing Director or Whole-time Director ceases to hold office as director, he shail Ipso-facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director Whole time Director.
- e) The Managing Director or Whole-time Director shall not be liable to retirement by rotation as long as he hold office as Managing Director or Whole-time Director.
- 138. Managing Director / Whole-time Director shall subject to the supervision, F control and direction of the Board and subject to ~he provision of the Act, exercise such powers as are exercisable under these presents by the Board of Directors as they may think fit and confer such powers for such time and~to be exercised for such obJect purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think expedient and they may confer such powers eith'er collaterally with or to the exclusion of any such substitution for all or any of the powers of the Board of Directors in that behalf and may from'time tot time revoke, withdraw, aiter or vary all or any of such powers. The Managing Director(s) Whole-time Director(s) may exercise all the powers entrusted to them by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Board's Direction.
- 139. Subject to the provisions of the Act and subject to such sanction of the Central Government as may be required for the pur~ose, the Managing Director(s) Whole-time Directorts) shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Company in General Meeting may from time to time determine.
- 140. The Managing Director Whole-time Director shall be entitled to charge and be paid for all actual expenses, if any which they may incur for or in connection with the business of the Company. They shall be entitled to appoint part time employees'in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company shall be entitled to be paid by the Company any remuneration that they may pay to such part-time employees.
- 141. 1) The Managing Director Whole-time Director shall have subject to the supervision, control and discretions of the Board, the Management of the whole of the business of the Company and of all its affairs and shall exercise all powers and perfarm all duties in relation to the management of the affairs ar~d transactions of the Company, expect such power and such duties as are required by law or by these presents to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board or Directors as also subject to such conditions or restrictions imposed by the Companies Act, or by these presents.

Power and duties of Managing Director or Whole time Director

Remuniration of Managing Director / Whole time Director

Rembhrsement of expenses

Business to be carried by Managing Director or Whole-time Director

- 2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing and subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors, the business of the Company shall be carried on by the Managing Director / Whole time DJrector, and he shall have and exercise all the powers set out in Article 124 above, except those which are by law or by these present or by any resolution of the Board recurred to be done by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board.
- 3) The Board may, from time to time, delegate to the Managing Director or Whole-time Director such of their powers and dutios and subject to such limitation and conditions as they may deem fit. The Board may from time to time revoke, wlthdraw, alter or vary all or any of the powers conferred on the Managing Director or Whole-time Director by the Board or by these presents.

## **COMMON SEAL**

- Common Seal 142. The Board shall provide a common seal for the Company and they shall have pawer from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the common seat shall be kept at the Regisiered Office of the Company and.corr~nitted to the Custody of the Managing Director or the secretary if their is one.
- Seal how affixed 143. The seal shall not be affixed to any instruRient except by authority of a resolution of the- Board or of Committee and untess the Board otherwise determines every deed or other instrument to which the seal is required to be affixed shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney for the Company, be signed by one Director at least in whose presence the seal shall have been affixed and countersigned by the Managing Director, Secretary or such other person as may from time to time be authorised by the Managing Director or by the Board, provided nevertheless that any instrument bearing the seal of the Company and issued by valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding and irregularity touching the authority to issue the same.
- Right to dividend 144 a) The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights, relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these presents and subject to the provisions of these presents, as to the Reserve Fund, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively on the last day of the year of account in respect of which such dividend is declared and in the case of interim dividends on the close of the last day of the period in respect of which such interm dividend is paid.
  - b) Where capital is paid upon any shares in advance of calls, upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits.

Declaration of 145. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends but no dividend Deividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board. 146. The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interm Interim dividends as appear to them to be justified by the profits of the dividends Company.

- 147. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the year of any other undistributed profit except as provided by Section 20S of the Act. Dividends to be paid out of Profits only
- 148. 1) The Board may before recommending any dividends set~aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks proper as a reserve or reserves which shall af the discretion of the Board be applicable for any purpose of which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, Including provisions for meeting contingencies or for equallsing dividends and pending such application, may, at the like discretion either be employed In the busintess of the Company or be invested In such investments (other than shares of 1he Company) the Board may, from time to time think fit.
  - 2) The Board may also carry forward any profits when it may think prudent not to divide, without setting them aside as Reserve.
- 149. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member Deduction for all sums of money, if any presenily payable by him to the Company arrears on-account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.
- 150. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may if so arranged between the Company and the members be set off against the call.
- 151. 1) Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by-cheque or warrant sent through post directly to the registered address of the holder or in the case of join holders to the registered address of the one of the joint holders who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holder may in writing direct.
  - 2) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
  - 3) Every such cheque or warrant shall be posted within forty two days from the date of declaration of dividend.
- 152. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effectual receipt for any dividends, bonuses of ~other moneys payable in respect Joint holders of such shares.
- 153. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share thereto in the manner mentioned in the Act. Notice of dividends
- 154. No dividend shali bear interest against the Company

Dividends not to bear interest

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- 155. 1) Where dividend has been declared by the Gompany but has not been pald or warrant In the respect thereof has not been posed within forty two days from the date of declaration to any share holder entitled to:the payment of dividends, the Company shall within 7 days from the date of expiry of the said period of fo'rty two days transfer the total amount of dividend which remalos unpald or In lelation to which no dividend warrant has been posted within the said period of forty-two days to a special account to be opened by the Gompany in that behaH in any Scheduled Bank to be called Unpaid Dividend Account of VIJAY INDUSTRIAL GASES LIMITED.
  - 2. Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company in pursuance of subclause (1) which remain unpaid of unclaimed for a period of 3 years from th.e date of such transfer shall e transferred by the Company to the General revenue Account of the Central Government but a claim to any money so transferred to the General Revenue Account'may be preferred to the' Central Government by the person to whom the money Is due and shall be dealt with as Jf such transfer to the General revenue Account had not been made, the order if any for payment of the claim being treated as an order for refund or revenue.

"No unclaimed or unpaid dhidend shall be forfeited by the Board"

- 3) The Company shall when making any transfer under clause 9 (2) to the General Reivenue-Account of the Central Government any unpaid or unclaimed'dividend furnish to such officer as the Central Government rnay appoint.in this behalf a statement in the prescribed from s:etting forth in respect of all sums included in such transfer the nature of the sums, the. names and last known addresses of the person entitled to receive the sum, the amount to which sum person is entitled to and the nature of his claim thereto and such other particulars as may be prescribed.
- 4) The Company shall be entitled to a receipt from the Reserve Bank of India, for any money transferred by it to the General Revenue Account of the Central Government and such receipt shall be effectual discharge of the Company In respect thereof.
- Transfer of<br/>shares not to156. Any transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared<br/>thereon before the registration af the transfer.

shares not to pass prior to dividends

# CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

Capitaiisation Profits

- 157. 1) The Company in General Meeting, may on recommendation of the Board resolve:
  - a) That it is desirable to capitalis. any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of the Company's General Reserve account or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution; and

- b) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the member who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportion.
- The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied subject to the provision contained in sub-clause (3) either in or towards;
- i) Paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on sharss held by such members respectively;
- ii) Paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully pald up to the amongst such members in the proportions aforesald; or
- III) Party in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii)
- 3) A share premium account and a capital redemption reserve fund may for the purpose of this regulation only, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- 4) The Board shall give effect to the resolutions passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.
- 158.1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall:

Powers of directors for declaration of bonus

- a) make all appropriations and applications of the unoLividad profits resolved to be capitalised there by and all ailotments and issues of fully paid shares if any, and bj generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. 2) The Board shall have full power:
- a) To make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fraction and also.
- b) To authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providi~g for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid up of any further shares to which they may be entitled upQn such capitalisation or (as the case may require) for the payment of by the Company on their behalf, by the applicatiop thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on the shares.
- 3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

# ACCOUNTS

Books of account to the kept	159. 1 ) The Board of Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of all sums of money received and expended by-the Cornpany and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure takes place of all sates and purchases of goods by the Company, ' and of the assets, cr~dTts and liabilities of the Cornpany.		
	2)	If the Company shall have a Branch Office whether in or outside pro,oer books of account relating to the transactions effect at that office shail be kept at that office, and proper summerised returns, made upto date at intervals of not more than three months, shall be sent by the Branch Office to the Company at its Registered Office or to such other place in India, as the Board think fit, where the main books of the Company are kept.	
	3)	All the aforesaTd books shall give a fair and true view of the atfaita of the Company or of its Branch Office, as the case may be with respect to the matters aforesaid and explain its transactions	
Where books of account to be kept	160.	The Books of Accounts shall be kept at the 'Registered Office or at such other place in Indla as the Directors think fit.	
Inspection by members	161.	The Board of Direhors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what; conditions or regulations the accounts and books and documents of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the members, and no member (not beTng a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or documents of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General MeetTng.	
Statements of accounts to be furnished to general meeting	162.	Art 173, a copy of every Balance Sheet including the Profit and Loss Ac the Auditors' Report'and every other docurnents required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be to the Balance Sheet which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, shall be made available for inspectiont at the Registered Office of the company during working hours for a period of twenty one days before the date of the meeting. A statement containing the salient feature of such document. in the prescribed from or the copies of the documents aforesaid, as the Company may deem fit, shall be sent to every Member of the company and to every Trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the Company, not less than twenty one days before the date of the meetTng.	
Forms of balance Sheet and P & L A/C	163. 1	) Subject to the provisions of Section 211 of the Act every Balance' Sheet and Profit and Loss Acoount of the Company share be in the forms set out in Parts I and-II respectively of Schedule VI of the Act, and in consonance with the rnandatory accounting standards prescribed or as near thereto as the circumstances admit.	

- 2) So long as the Company is a holding Company having a subsidiary the Company shall conform to Section 212 and other applicable provisions of the Act.
- 164 1) Every Baiance Sheet and every Profit and Loss Account of the Company shall be signed by the Secretary, U any, and by not less than two Directors of the Company one of whom shall be the Managing Director where there is one Provided that when only one Director is for the time being in India, the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account shall be signed by such Director and in such a case there shall be attached to the Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account a statement signed by him explaining the reason of noncompliance with the provision of sub-clause (1)
  - 2) The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account shall be approved by the Board of Directors~before they are signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provision of this Article and before they are submRted to the Auditors for their report thereon.
- 165. The Profit and Loss Account shall be annexed to the Balance Sheet and the Auditor's Report shall be attached thereto.
- 166 1) Every Balance Sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting shall have attached to it a report by the Board of Directors with respect to the state of the Company's affairs, the amounts if any, which it proposes to carry to any Reserves in such Balance Sheet; and the amount, if any, which it recommends to be paid by v~ay of dividend, Material changes and commitment if any affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of thelinancial year of the company to which the Balance Sheet relates and the date of the Report.
  - 2) The Report shall so far as it is material for the appreciation of the Siate of Company's affairs by its members and will no{ in the Board's opinian be harmful to the business of the Company or of any subsidiaries, deal with any change which have accrued during the financial year in the nature of Company's business, carried on by them and generally in the causes of business in which the Company has an interest.
  - The Board's Report shall also include statements as required U/S 217 of the Company Act, 1956.
  - 4) The Board shall also give the fullest information and explanations in its report in cases falling under the provision to Section 222 in an addendum to the report, on every reservation, qualification or adverse remarks contained in the Author's Report.
  - 5) The Board's Report and addendum (if any) thereto shall be signed by its Chairman if he is authorised in that behalf by the Board; and where he is not so authorised shall be singed by such number of

Authenication of Balance Sheet&P&L A/c.

P &LA/ctobe annexed & Auditor's report to be attached to the B/S

Boards report to be attached to B/s Directors as are required to sign the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company by virtue of Sub-Clauses (1) and (2) of Article 167.

6) The Board shall have the right to charge any person being a Director with the duly of seeing that the provisions of subclauses (1) to (3) of this Article are complied with,

Rights of members to copies of Balance sheet

# Auditors report ANNUAL RETURNS

Annual 168. The Company shall made the requisite Annual Returns in accordance with Section 159 and 162 of the Act.

#### AUDIT

Accounts to be audited

- 169. Every Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Acocunt shall be audited by one or more Auditors to be appointed
  - 170. 1) The first Auditor of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors wHhin one month of the date of registration of the Company and the auditor or auditors so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual genera mesting. Provided that
    - a) The Company may, at a General Meeting, remove ~any such Auditor or all or any of such Auditors and appoint In his or their places any other person or per~ons ~vho have been nominated for appointment by any member of the Company and ot whose nomination special notice has been given to the members of the Company not less than seven days before the date ot the meeting; and
    - b) If the Board fails to exercise its powers under this clause, the Company in General Meeting may appoint the first auditor or auditors.
    - 2) The Company at the Annual General Meeting in each year shall appoint an Auditor or Auditors to hold Office from the conclusion of that meeting until the conclus~n of next Annual General Meeting and every Auditor so appointed-shall be intimated of his appointment within seven days. Provided that before the appointment or reappointment of Auditor or AudHors is made by the Company at any General Meeting a written certificate shall be obtained by the Company from the Auditor or Auditors proposed to be so appointed to the effect that the appointment or appointments If made will be In accordance with the limits specified in sub-section 1-B of Section 224. Every Auditor so appoloted shall within 30 days of the receipt from the Company of the Intimation of his appointment shall inform the Registrar of Companies in writing that he has accepted or refused to accept the appointment.

- SubJect to the provision of Section 224 1-B and Section 224-A at any Annual General meeting, a retiring Auditor, by whatsoever authority appointed, shall be reappoTnted unless a) he is not qualified for reappointment.
- b) he has given the Company notice in writing of his unwillingness to be reappoloted.
- c) A resolution has been passed at that meetTng appointing somebody instead of him or providing expressly that he shall not be reappointed' or
- d) Where notice has been given of an intended resolution to appoint some. person in the place of a retiring Auditor, and by reason of the death' incapacity or disqualification of that persons or of all these persons, as the case may be the resolution cannot be proceeded with
- 4) Where at an Annual General Meeting, no Auditors so appointed, the Central Government may appoint a person to fill the vacancy.
- The Company shall within seven days of the Central Government's power under sub-clause (4) becoming exercisable, give notice of that fact to the Govt.
- 6) The Directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office an auditor, but while any such vacancy continues, the remaining Auditor or AudTtors (if any) may act, where such a vacancy is caused by the resignation of an Auditor, the vacancy shall only be filled by the company in General Meeting.
- 7) A person other than a retiring Auditor, shall not be capable of being appointed at an Annual General Meeting~unless special notice of a resolution of appointment of the person to the office of Auditor has been given by a member of the Company not less than fourteen days, before the meeting In accordance with Section 190 and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring AudTtor and shall give notiee thereof to the member in accordance with the provision of Section 190 and all the other provisions of Sections 225 shall apply in the matter. The provisior~`of this sub-clause shall also apply to resolution that retiring auditor shall not be re-appointed.
- 8 The person qualified for appointment as Auditors shall be only those referred to in Section 226 of the Act.
- 9) None of the person mentioned in Section 226 of the Act as are not qualified for appointment as Auditors shall be appointed as Auditors of the Company.
- 10) The Company or its Board of Directors shall not appoint or reappoint any person or firm as its Auditors if such person or firm is at the date of Such appointment or re-appointment or holds appoint as

Auditors of the specified number of companies or more than the specKied number of Companies, provided that in the case the firm of auditors specified number of Companies shall be construed as specifled number of Companies per partner of the firm, provided further that where any partner of the firm is also a partner of any other firm of auditors the number of companies which may be taken into account by are the firm together in relation to such partner shall not exceed the specified number in the aggregate. Provided also that where any partner of a firm of auditors is also holding office In his individual capacity as auditor of one or more companies the number of companies which may be taken into account in his case shall not exceed the specified number in the aggregate. Specified number means in the case of a person or firm holding appointment as auditor of a number of companies each of which has a paid up share capital of less than Rs. 25 lakhs 20 companies and in any other case 20 companies out of wh~h not more than lien shall be companies each of which has a paid up share capital of Rs. 25 lakhs or more.

- Audit of 171. The Company shall comply with the provision of Section 228 of the kct in relation to the audit of the accounts of Branch Office of the Company.
- Remuniration 172. The remuneration of the Auditors shali be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of any Auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Board.
  - 173. 1) Every Audior of the Company shall have a right to access at the times to the books of accounts- and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and Officers of the Company shall inform and explanations as may be necessary for the performance of his duties as Auditor.
    - 2) All notices, of and other communications relating to General Meeting of the Company which any member of the Company is entitled to havp sent tp him shall also be forwarded to the Auditor and the Auditor shall~be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concern him as Auditor.
    - 3) The Auditor shall be made a report to the members of the Company on the account examined by him on every Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account and on every other document declared by the Act to be part of or annexed to the Balance Sheet or Profit-and Loss Account which are laid before the Company in General Meeting during his tenure of office, and the Report shall state whether In his opinion and to the best of his information and according to the explanations given to him the said accounts given the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view
    - i) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the State of the Company's affairs as at the end of its financial year; and

- ii) in the case of the Profit and Loss Account of the Profit or Loss for its financial year. 4) The Auditor's Report shall also state
- a) Whether he has obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of his knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of his audit.
- b) Whether in his opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company as far as appears from his examination of those books, and proper returns adequate for the purposes of his audit have been received from branches not visited by him.
- c) Whether the report on the accounts of any Branch Officq audited under Section 228 by a person other than the Company's Auditor has been forwarded to him as required by clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 228 of the Act and how he has dealt with the same in preparing Auditor's report; and
- d) Whether the Company's Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account dealt with by the Report Is in agreement with Books of Account and returns.
- 5. Where any of the matters referred to in items (i) and (ii) of Subclause (3) above or in Hems (a), (b), (c) and (d) of Sub-clause (4) above is answered in the negative or with a qualification, the Auditor's report shall state the reason for the answer.
- 6. The accounts of the Company shall not be deemed as not havingbeen, properly drawn up on the rournd merely that the Company has not disclosed certain matters if
- a) Those matters are such as Company is not tequired to disclose by virtue of any provisions contained in the Companies Act or any other Act; and
- b) Those provisions are specified in the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company.
- 7. The Auditor's Report shall be read before the Company in Annual General Meeting and shall be open to inspection by member of the Company.
- 174. Every account of the Company when audited and approved by General Meeting shall be conclusive except as regards any error discovered therein, within three months next after the approval thereof, whenever any such error is discovered within that period the account shall forthwith be correcte~; and shall henceforth be conslusive.

Accounts when audited and approved to be conclusive except as to errors discwered within 3 months

# SERVICE OF DOCUMENT & NOTICE

175. A document may be served on the Company or an Officer there of by sending it to the Company or Officer at the Registered Office of the

Serive of documents on the Col

Company by poet under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by ieaving it at the Registered Office.

How documents is to be served on members

persons

rnembers

- 176. 1) A document (which expression for mis purpose shali be deemed to include and shall include any summons, notice, requisition, process order, judgement or any other documents in relation'to or in the winding up of the Company) may be members served or sent by the Company on or to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address or if he has na registered address in India, to the address, if any within India supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him.
  - 2) All notices shall, with respect to any registered shares to which person are entitled jointly, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share.
  - 3) Where a document is sent by post
  - a) Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addresalng, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, provided that where a member-has intimated t'o the Company in advance th'at documents s'houlci be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgment due and'has deposited with the Company a sum sufficTent to defray the expenses' of doing so service of the documents shall not be effected unless it is sent in the matter intimated by the member and
  - b) Unless the contrary is proved, such service shall be deemed to have been affected;
  - i) in the case of notice of a meeting at the expiration of forty eight hours after the letter containing the notice is posted and
  - ii) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
- Members to 177. Each registered holder of shares shall from time to time notify in writing notify address to the Company some place in India to be registered as his address' and in India such registered place of address shall for-ali purposes be deemed his piace of residence.
- Service on 178. If a member has not registered address in India, and has not supplied to members the Company any address within India, for the giving of notices to him, having no regd. a document advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood address of Registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be duly served on him on the day on which the advertisement appears. Service on

179. A document may be served by the Company on the persons entitled to acquiring a share in the consequence-of the death of insolvency of a member by shares on death sending it through the post in a pre,oaid letter addressed to them by or insolvency of

name or by the title or representatives of the deceased or assignees ot the Ineolvent or by any like description at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document in any manner in which the same might have been served if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

- 180. Subject to the provision of the Act and these Articles, Notice of General Meeting shall be given.
   i) To the members of the Company as provided by the Articles in any general
  - i) To the members .of the Company as provided by the Articles in any general manner authorlsed by Articles 17g and 181 as the case may be or meeting as authorlsed by the Act.
  - To the person'entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member as provided by Article 182 or an authorised by the Act;
  - iii) To the Auditor or Auditori for the time being of the Company, in the manner authorlsed by Artioles 179 as In the case of any member of members of the Company.
- 181. SubJect to the provisions of the A0t any document required to be seNed or sent by the Company on or to the ribember or any of them and not expressly provided for by these presents shall be deemed to be duly served or sent ~ advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the~district in which the FTegilstered Office is situated.
- 182. Every person, who by the operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any shares shall be bound by every document In respect of such share which, previously to his name and address being entered In the Register, shall have been duly served on or sent to the person from which the derived his title to such share.
- 183. Any notice to be given by the Company shall be signed by the Managing Director or by such Director or Officer as~the Director may appoint. The qlgnature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or lithographed.

#### **AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS**

- 184. Save as other wise expressly provided In the Act of these Articles, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director, Managing Director, the Manager, the Secretary or an authorised Officer of the Company and need not be under ita proceeding seal.
- 185. SubJect to the provisions of the Act as to preferential payments, the Application of assets of the Company shall on its winding up by applied in satisfaction Assets of its liabilities pari passu and subJect to such application shall be distributed among the members according to their right and interest in the Company.

Division of Assets of the Company in Winding up 186. If the Company shall be wound up whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution divide among the contributories in specie or kind any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like ~sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them, as the liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit in case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involve a liability to call or otherwise any persons entitled under such division to any of the said shares may with tend days after the passing of the special resolution by notice in writing direct the liquidators to sell his proportion and pay him the net proceeds and the liquidators shall if practicable act accordingly.

## INDEIUINITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

- Directors and others right to indeminity 187. a) Subject to the provisions of Section 201 of the Act, the Managing Director and every Director, Manager, secretary and other Officer or Employee of the company shall be indemnified by the Company against any liability, and it shall be the duty of Directors out of the funds of the Company to pay, all costs and Josses and expenses including travelling expenses) which any such Director, Officer or Employee may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him as such Managing Director, Directors, Officer or Employee or in any way in the discharge of his duties.
  - b) Subject as aforesald the Managing Director and every Director, Manager, Secretary or other Officer or Employee of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by them or him in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in their or his favour on in which he is acquitted or discharged in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court.
  - 188. 1) Subject to the provision of section 201 of the Act no Director or other officer of the Gompany shall be liable for the act, receipts neglects or defaults of any other Director or Officer, or for joining in any recelpt or other act of confirmity or for any loss of expenses happening to the Company through ~insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invest.ed, or tortious act of any person, Company or Corporation, with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by~ any error of judgement or oversight on his part' or for any other loss or damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same happen through his own withful act or default.

Not responsible 2) Without prejudice to the generality of foregoing it is hereby expressly declared that any filing fee payable or any document required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies in respect of any act done or required to be done by any Director or other Officer by reason of this holding the said Office, shall be paid and borne by the Company.

#### SECRUITY CLAUSE

- 189. No member shall be entitled 10 inspect the Company's works wHhout the permission of the Directors or Managing Director or to require discovereci of or any information respecting any detail of the companys trading or any matter which In the opinion of DTrectors it will be inexpedient in the Interest of the Company to communicate to the pubHc
- 190. Every Director, Managing Director, Manager, Secretary, Auditor, Duties of Trustee members of a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant Officers to or other person employed in the business of the Company, shall if so Observe required by the Directors before entering upon his dutles, or at any time during his terms of office, sign a cieeiaratbn pledging himseH to observe strict secrecy respecting all transacthns of the Company and the state of accounts anci In matters relating thereto and ahall be such declaration pledge himseH not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowlecige in the discharge of his dutlea except when required so to do by the Directors or any meeting or by a Courl of Law or by the person to whom such matters relate and excep1 so far as may be necessay In order to comply with any of the provisiona olthese Articles or Law.

SI. No.	Names, Address, Descriptions and Occupation of Subscribers	Signature of subscriber	Name, Address and Description of Witnesses
1.	<b>CHANDRAREDDYDHANDU</b> S/o. D. Narayana Reddy 1-6-249/10-C, Friends Colony,	Sd/-	nt Complex,
	Ram Nagar, Hyderabad - 500 048. Business		<b>KUMAR</b> Accountar ali Reddy Shopping I - 500 00
2.	<b>D.SUKRUTHAREDDY</b> W/o. D. Chandra Reddy 1-6-249/10-C, Friends Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad - 500 048. Business	Sd/-	<b>T. VIJAY</b> Chartered / S/o. T. Ba S/o. T. Ba A.S.I. Floor, Abids S Hyderabad

Place:HYDERABAD. Date : 27 June 1985